Wildfire Risk and Urban Expansion in South Kohala and North Kona, Hawai'i

Chanel Yee Tree Canopy Fellow Bachelor of Urban Forestry University of British Columbia



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Land Acknowledgement



Context



Chanel Yee, 2017

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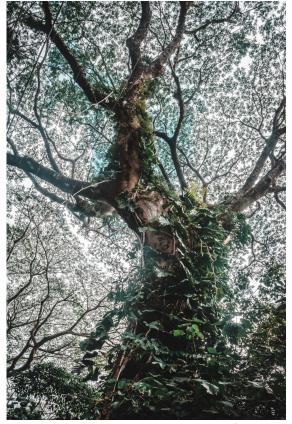
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Tree Canopies



PROJECT GOALS



Tree Canopy Viewer The Division of Forestry and Wildlife and the U.S. Forest Service

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Ben Scheufler, 2019

Record-Breaking Fire in South Kohala



KHON2 News, 2021

Department of Land and Natural Resources, 2021

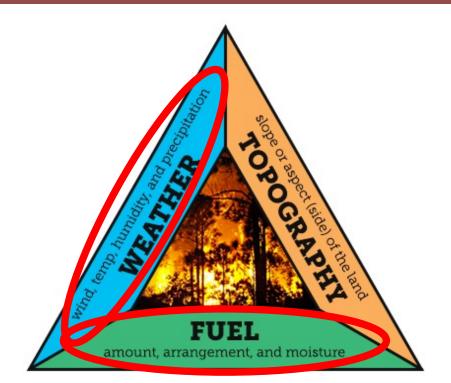


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Changes to Fire Behavior



Climate Change

Hot Dry Summers + Drought

Increased Fire Risk + Severity

Urban Sprawl into Natural Areas

High Risk for WUI Residents

Human & Economic Costs

Fire Behavior Triangle

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The Wildland Urban Interface and Increased Wildfire Risk



Waimea Brush Fire Lynn Beittel, 2021

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Project Goals

01	Review Plans for land cover and fire behavior relationship and synergies between goals
02	Map land cover of current and future communities at risk to wildfire
03	Spatially identify wildfire risk mitigation strategies in relation to tree canopy

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1. Controlled fires for resources



2. European colonization

3. Cattle and nonnative grass spread

4. Grazing stops and agricultural fields abandoned

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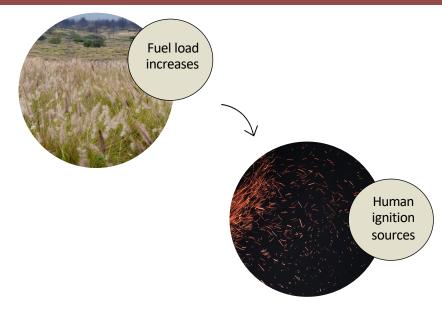
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1. Controlled fires for resources



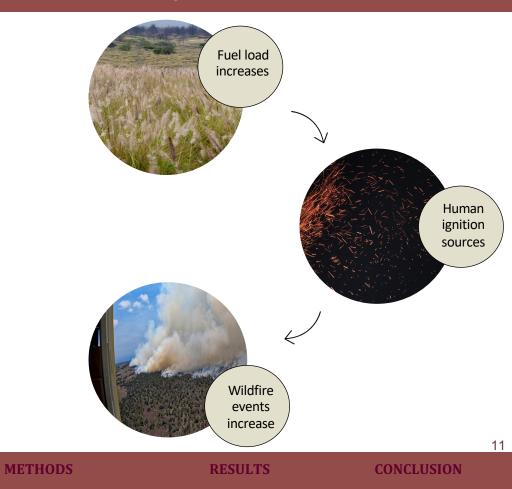
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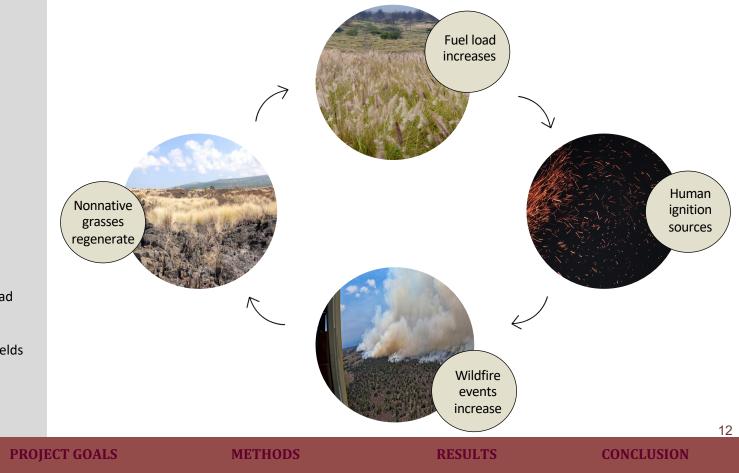


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Land Cover and and Fire Representation

State- Level Plans

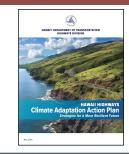
County-Level Plans

District-Level Plans











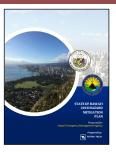




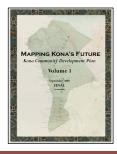












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Spatial Analysis Mapping Tools



Land-Use Pattern Allocation Guide

Site Analysis

Hawaiʻi Tree Canopy Viewer

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Discrepancies Between Plans in Addressing Wildfire and Land Cover Change

Management	Plans/P	olicies
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Management		CWPP- Northwest Hawaiʻi Island	CWPP- North Kona	County of Hawaiʻi Climate Action Plan	County of Hawaiʻi Multi- Hazard Mitigation Plan	State of Hawaiʻi 2018 Hazard Mitigation Plan	South Kohala Community Developme nt Plan	Kona Community Developme nt Plan	County of Hawaiʻi General Plan
nage	Urban expansion in the WUI or near				~	~	~	~	~
	Wildfire risk presence	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
nes in	Wildfire exacerbated by land cover change and or/climate change	~	~	~	~	~	~		
Themes	Wildfire adaptation initiatives (Firewise, fuels mitigation)	~	~		~	~	~	~	
	Wildfire mitigation initiatives (carbon sinks, fuels conversion, green breaks)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	
	Key actions and initiatives for fire resilient landscapes	~	~		~	~	~	/	

Presence of theme in plan

Absence of theme in plan

/

Vague inclusion of theme in plan

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*no county regulations in place that require residential subdivisions to participate in wildfire mitigation practices

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JUM	Tree Planting/canopy goals	-	(+)		(+)		i	i	i	-	-
viroı	Invasive species removal	(+)	(+)		(+)		-	-	i	i	-
Env	Native species planting	(+)	(+)		(+)		i	i	i	i	-
	Fire risk reduction, adaptation, or mitigation	(+)	(+)		(+)		-	-	(+)	-	(+)

Management Plans/Policies

- i Has a specified goal independent as a means of fire mitigation and adaptation
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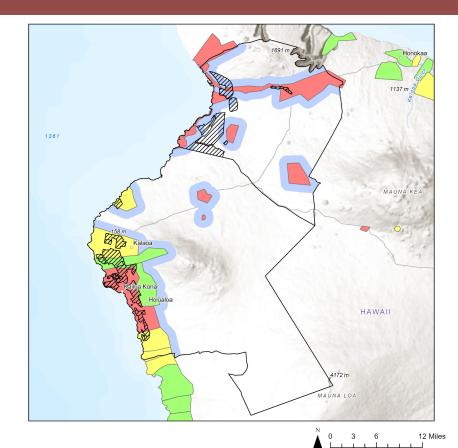
RESULTS

Proposed Urban Expansion Expands the WUI and Creates New Communities at Risk

Projected urban expansion:

- <u>South Kohala</u>: 12, 264 acres
- North Kona: 11, 995 acres
- Invites opportunities for fire events

Communities with Low Fire Risk
Communities with Medium Fire Risk
Communities with High Fire Risk
WUI Boundary
Urban Expansion Boundary
South Kohala and North Kona District Boundaries



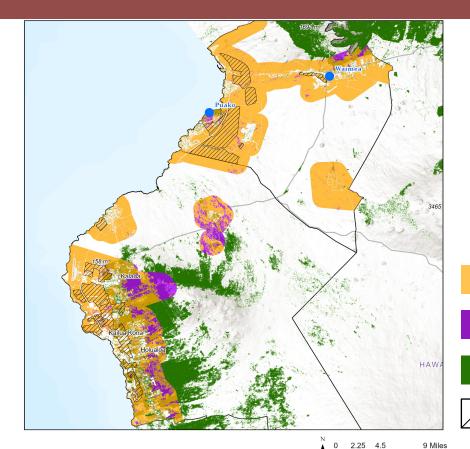
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Urban Expansion Land Cover is Nonnative Grass Dominant and Low in Tree Canopy



- development encroaching into dense nonnative grassland
- urban development in/next to natural areas with high fuel loads

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Native spp. Land Cover

Tree Canopy

Urban Expansion Boundary

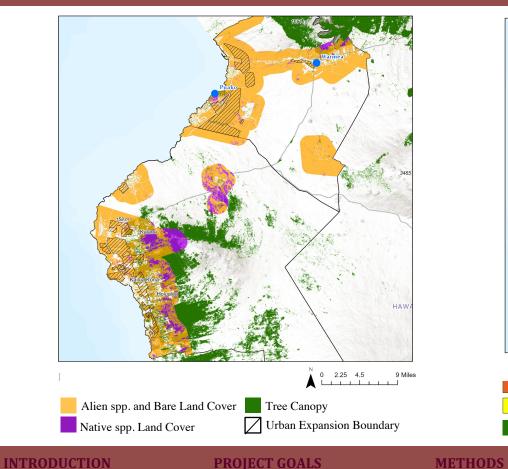
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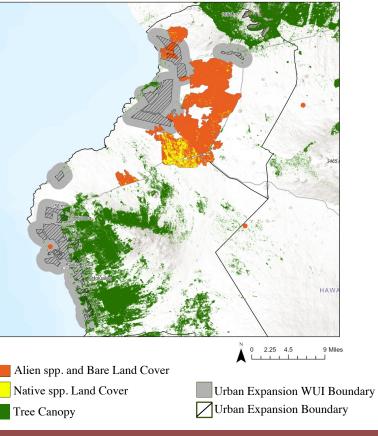
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Urban Expansion in Land Cover Type of Historical Fires

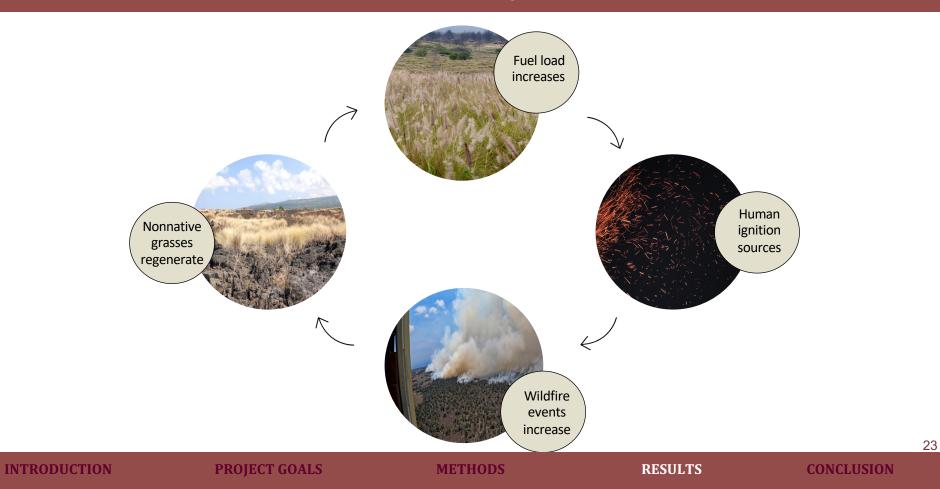




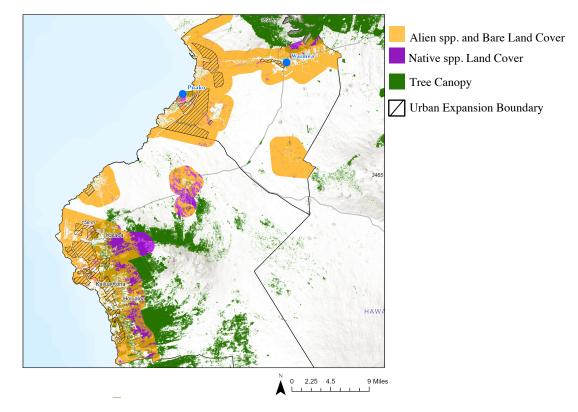
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Break the Cycle!



Spatial Analysis + Plan Review



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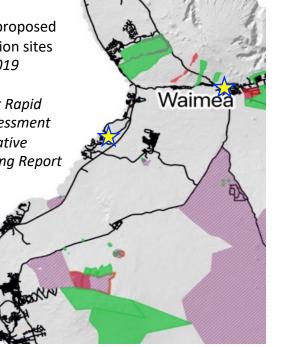
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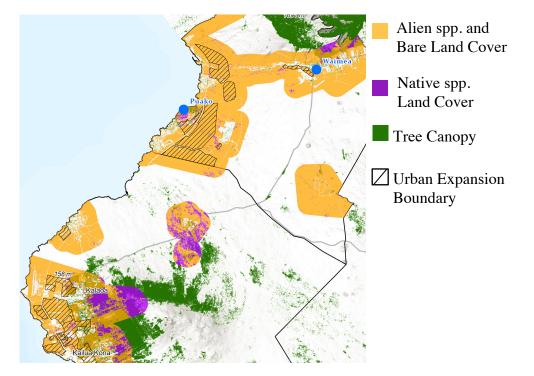
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Spatial Analysis + Plan Review

Current and proposed fuels conversion sites from 2018-2019 Vegetation Management Rapid Mapping Assessment and Collaborative Action Planning Report





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Tree Canopy as Wildfire Risk Mitigation

Management Plans/Policies

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	Native species planting	(+)	(+)	(+)	i	i	i	i	-
	Fire risk reduction, adaptation, or mitigation	(+)	(+)	(+)	-	-	(+)	-	(+)

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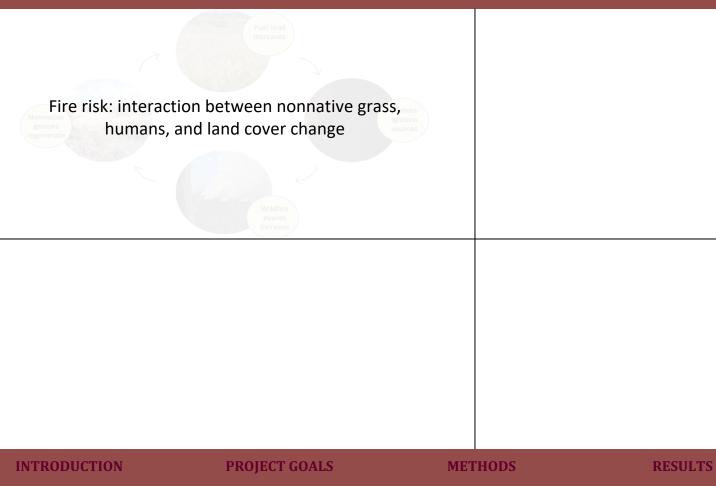
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Fire risk: interaction between nonnative grass, humans, and land cover change

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South Kohala and North Kona is particularly vulnerable

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Fire risk: interaction between nonnative grass, humans, and land cover change South Kohala and North Kona is particularly vulnerable

Alternative strategies for high fire risk areas

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Management Plans/Policies

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aligr	ment	t betwee	n var	ious	plans		

Alternative strategies for high fire risk areas

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Thank You!



Chanel Yee Tree Canopy Fellow Bachelor of Urban Forestry University of British Columbia

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