LINDA LINGLE Governor

JAMES R. AIONA Lieutenant Governor



Hawai'i Invasive Species Council

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FEDERAL:

U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Department of Defense

PUBLIC MEETING NOTICE

Thursday, July 24, 2008 10:00 A.M. to 12:00 P.M. Rm 322B, 1151 Punchbowl Street Honolulu, HI, 96813

HAWAII INVASIVE SPECIES COUNCIL Established Pests (Response and Control) Working Group

AGENDA

- 1. Call to order
- 2. Introductions
- 3. Approval of minutes from last meeting.
- 4. Briefing on budget restrictions and background
- 5. Briefing of current HISC funded work and implications for 2008-2009
- 6. Discuss budget proposals with low & high alternatives.
- 7. Chair to work with group to approve a budget proposal for 2008-2009.
- 8. Announcements
- 9. New business
- 10. Public comments
- 11. Adjournment

Persons requiring special assistance or for more information should call the chair at (808) 587-0365 or the HISC Coordinator at (808) 587 4154 at least three business days before the meeting. Please communicate with the chair about your proposals before the meeting.

HISC Established Pest Project Proposal Environmental Assessment Facilitator

Summary: The Plant Pest Control Branch and the USDA Forest have encountered numerous obstacles while seeking approval to release biocontrol agents for the control of high priority target pests. We are proposing the creation of an EA Project Facilitator to define and develop the EA process for biocontrol agents to ensure the timely release of biocontrol agents.

The proposed activities of an EA Project Facilitator would be to:

- Identify project stakeholders
- Conduct outreach and education to project stakeholders
- Collect input from stakeholders
- Write draft and final EA's complying with all necessary federal and state requirements
- Collect public commentary during draft EA commenting period
- Formulate a final EA for publication in the appropriate forums.

The funds will be used to provide justification for the creation of a permanent position within the state to develop environmental assessments.

This proposal will meet the following HISC Prevention Working Group Objectives:

Review and revise regulations governing the introduction of biological control agents

Requested Funds	High	Low
Staffing	\$65,000.00	\$65,000.00
Equipment and Supplies	\$25,000.00	\$0.00
Total Requested Funds	\$90,000.00	\$65,000.00
Matching Funds		
HDOA Staff	\$40,000.00	\$40,000.00
Forest Service Staff	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00
HDOA Vehicle Use	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
HDOA Equipment for production of		
outreach materials	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00
Total Match Funds	\$78,000.00	\$78,000.00

HISC Established Pest Working Group Proposal Plant Pathology Capacity Building

Summary: Plant Pest Control is in possession of the only biosafety level 3 facility approved for plant/plant pathogen containment in the state of Hawaii. Organisms from foreign sources can enter into this facility that are otherwise restricted or prohibited entry into the state. This allows PPC to test and evaluate potential biocontrol organisms and to identify diagnostic samples submitted from Pacific Island partners. PPC pathologists also render identifications for Plant Quarantine's inspection programs and for the general public. We are proposing the purchase of equipment to assist with these programs. Expected products of this request are:

- Improved diagnostic capability
- Improved photodocumentation of pests identified
- Identification of priority pests not known to occur in Hawaii but present within the Pacific
- Develop existing capacity for the evaluation and testing of plant pathogens for biological control

This proposal will meet the following HISC Prevention Working Group Objectives:

- Implement improvements to the capacity for detection, eradication and control, e.g. increased staffing, training and infrastructure, to respond to both terrestrial and aquatic invasive species.
- Detect and immediately target high priority invasive species that are candidates for eradication in all or part of their range, e.g. coqui frogs on Oahu and Kauai.
- Identify terrestrial and aquatic species that are high risk of being introduced into the state or being spread within the state.

This proposal will also assist in meeting the working group Measures of Effectiveness:

- Numbers of new invasive species detected at ports of entry
- Names and numbers of priority pests threatening Hawaii

Requested Funds	High	Low
Microscopes	\$40,000.00	\$20,000.00
Biosafety Cabinet, Class IIA	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00
Total Requested Funds	\$49,000.00	\$29,000.00
Matching Funds		
HDOA Staff	\$60,000.00	\$60,000.00
Total Match Funds	\$60,000.00	\$60,000.00

Maui Invasive Species Committee & Molokai / Maui Invasive Species Committee: Project Plans for FY2009

OVERVIEW

For FY2009, the Maui Invasive Species Committee (MISC) and the Moloka'i / Maui Invasive Species Committee (MoMISC) will continue to focus on the early detection of incipient species and rapid response control of selected targets on the islands of Maui, Moloka'i and Lāna'i. The attached proposed budget will achieve these objectives through the following activities:

Early Detection

- Survey a sample of landing zones on Maui to determine the risk associated with aerial operations in high-value natural areas.
- Identify the next priority for early detection on Maui. Options include: nurseries, roadsides, landing zones
- Conduct early detection surveillance activities for West Nile Virus and Avian Influenza
- Continued collaboration with USGS-PBIN to implement Early Detection Workshops for natural resource workers and members of the public
- Aerial surveys within the Molokai Watersheds to detect incipient invaders

Rapid Response

- Ongoing review by Committee members to select potential targets for eradication, using established criteria
- Conduct surveys of selected targets for eradication to determine feasibility
- Implement control actions where feasible
- Participate in or lead rapid response actions to new vertebrates, including snake reports
- Develop increased capacity on Lāna'i & Moloka'i to address invasive species threats

Ongoing Control Efforts

- Field staff will continue to focus on controlling high priority plant species including miconia, pampas grass, fountain grass, ivy gourd on Maui. High priority targets on Molokai include Australian tree fern, giant reed, rubber vine and other incipient species. Emphasis on protection of watersheds.
- Continued efforts to achieve eradication of previously identified "early detection" target species
- Collaborate with HDOA on select agricultural targets
- Vertebrate control activities on Maui will continue to focus on the coqui frog, veiled chameleon, and mitred conure. Emphasis for the coqui frog will be on the Māliko Gulch infestation

Data Management & Analysis

- Collaborate with USGS-PBIN on improving shared statewide data management system
- Using statewide data set, analyze miconia data for international conference on miconia
- Provide database development and GIS assistance to partner agencies

Public Relations & Education

- Provide education and outreach for statewide messages on invasive species
- Prepare and publish monthly article on invasive species issues in Maui's major newspaper
- Publish regular articles in Molokai "Newsflash" of The Nature Conservancy
- Publish semi-annual newsletter for Maui
- Participate in major community events
- Present information on invasive species to school groups & general public
- Promote the Hō'ike curriculum to local teachers and train statewide PR professionals in the curriculum; emphasize invasive species activities
- Develop invasive species module for Hō'ike curriculum
- Work with HDOA on education and outreach campaigns for agricultural target species

The proposed budget (\$520,000) covers activities for three islands since Maui County covers Moloka'i, Lāna'i and Maui. The amount requested is comparable to last year's State funding at \$516,000. Last year, Maui County received an additional \$200,000 from the State for work on the coqui frog. Additionally, under the FY09 budget passed by the Legislature, Maui County would have received an additional \$125,000 for coqui frog work. Funds originally allocated for Maui and Kauai were used to address overall budget shortfalls elsewhere. Thus, \$520,000 is a significant reduction from last year's State funding.

Funds spent on Maui County are highly leveraged. Funding from HISC at \$520,000 would be leveraged at a ratio of 4:1 (County and Federal funds: State funds). MISC's federal and county partners need to see significant State support to continue funding at these levels. These funds help meet the legislatively mandated 1:1 match for HISC funding.

Regarding the budget for a reduced level of funding, MISC could delay infrastructure improvements totaling \$40,000, although the water system is in constant disrepair. Loss of funding for the botanists would be a setback for early detection on Maui. Similarly, loss of the Hōʻike Specialist position would be unfortunate. The Hōʻike program has developed a reputation for providing local teachers with a relevant, Maui-based science curriculum and has fostered an enthusiastic core of teachers who are using the materials. Loss of any other staff positions would be most difficult given the significant training invested in current staff. Additionally, MISC is required by funding agreements with the National Park Service to increase staff capacity. MISC cannot simply replace existing staff positions lost through budget cuts with other funding.

MISC & MoMISC Proposed FY09 HISC Budget

Requested HISC

Salaries / Fringe	\$ 310,000
Contract (Helicopter)	\$ 20,000
TNC Contract	\$ 12,000
Contract (Infrastructure)	\$ 40,000
Truck	\$ 25,000
Travel	\$ 17,000
Supplies	\$ 23,804
Rental	\$ 13,000
Utilities	\$ 5,000
PCSU OH (5%)	\$ 24,762
UH Indirect (6%)	\$ 29,434
	•
Total	\$ 520,000

Field technicians (7.5 FTE); Botanists (0.5 FTE); Hoike Curriculum Specialist (0.4 FTE)

Pampas grass aerial operations: \$825/hr.

Office space and support for MoMISC operation

Septic system and water lines for Makawao office & baseyard

Lease for MoMISC truck expires this year

Backcountry travel for field work

Herbicides, field gear

Lease for Hana field camp

Makawao and Hana baseyards

Reduced Funding (Low) HISC

\$ 270,000
\$ 20,000
\$ 12,000
\$ -
\$ 25,000
\$ 17,000
\$ 23,804
\$ 13,000
\$ 5,000
\$ 20,500
\$ 24,376
\$ 430,680
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

Field technicians (7.5 FTE)
Pampas grass aerial operations: \$825/hr.

Office space and support for MoMISC operation

Lease for MoMISC truck expires this year Backcountry travel for field work Herbicides, field gear Lease for Hana field camp Makawao and Hana baseyards Eliminate Early Detection Surveys; Hoike Specialist

Eliminate infrastructure improvements



OISC High HISC Request:

Salaries and Benefits for 16 positions: Includes: 5 Field Crew; 2 Americorps; Vertebrate Technician; 2 Early Detection	\$622,727
Botanists; Outreach Specialist; GIS Specialist	;
Finance Specialist; Manager.	
Supplies (includes fuel and truck maintenance)	\$65,000
Training	\$3,000
Helicopter Time	\$50,000
Baseyard infrastructure to match	
DoFAW's contribution (toilets, electricity,	
space for field crew)	\$35,000
Bishop Museum facilities use charge (Early	
Detection Program)	\$15,000
PCSU/RCUH Fee	\$87,356
Total	\$878,083
OISC HISC Request (High)	\$499,631
Shortfall for OISC to raise	\$378,452
SHOLITAN TOLOUSC TO TAISE	φ310,432

High Request Expected Accomplishments:

- Completion of initial miconia search area (areas within dispersal zone for miconia that have not yet been searched).
- Completion of miconia re-survey areas.
- Approximately 400 acres surveyed for miconia within the aerial buffer (this is important for finding outlier mature trees).
- Delimiting surveys for *Schizachyrium* condensatum.
- Continuing progress with other species including *Rubus discolor*, and *Tibouchina urvilleana*.
- Completion of early detection road surveys.
- Rapid response to new species found by early detection team (much of this is dependent on outreach, since the species are on private land).
- Unified baseyard for OISC (DoFAW is giving us an office trailer and some space to put it on—we need to provide space for the field crew to operate out of assist with other infrastructure such as toilets.

OISC Low HISC Request

Calanian and Danafita fan 12 maitiana.

Salaries and Benefits for 13 positions:	\$580,864
Includes: 4 Field Crew; 1 Americorps;	
Vertebrate Technician; 2 Early Detection	
Botanists; Outreach Specialist; GIS Specialist	•
Finance Specialist; Manager.	
Training	\$3,000
Supplies (includes fuel and truck maintenance)	\$60,000
Bishop Museum facilities use charge	\$15,000
Baseyard infrastructure (toilets,	
electricity, but no space for field crew)	\$16,000
PCSU/RCUH fee	\$74,556
Total	\$749,420
OISC HISC Request (Low)	\$424,000
Shortfall to OISC to raise	\$325,452

What won't get done with low request

- With less staff, miconia seed-bank areas that need to be re-surveyed in 2009 will not be completed, potentially allowing saplings to mature and set seed.
- No miconia aerial buffer will be surveyed (important for finding outlier mature trees).
- No delimiting surveys for *Schizachyrium condensatum*—will have to drop all work on this species.
- With less staff, OISC's ability to respond to new species found by early detection team will be reduced.
- Continuation of split office/baseyard between support staff and field crew

\$500 OCA

KISC Proposed HISC Budget FY2009

Scenario

Scenario

		#1		#2	
		Budget		Budget	1
Salaries &	Ronofite				
Salai les o	9 Staff	\$338,056	7 Staff	\$278,776	Decrease in
	Benefits	\$94,656	Benefits	\$78,057	staffing
	Subtotal		Subtotal		Stanling
Services	Subtotal	\$432,712	Subtotal	\$356,833	
Sei vices	PSA's	\$8,000	PSA's		Eliminate PSA's
	Helicopter time	\$5,100	Helicopter time	\$5,100	• Ellillillate PSAS
	Subtotal		Subtotal	\$5,100	
Material a	nd Supplies	φ13,100	Subtotal	φ5,100	
wateriar a	Herbicides/other	\$7,000	Herbicides/other	\$5,500	Decrease in most
	Expendable safety gear	\$5,000	Expendable safety gear	\$2,500	materials and
	. , , ,	\$2,500		\$2,000	
	Office supplies		Office supplies		supplies except fuel costs
	Base yard supplies	\$2,000	Base yard supplies	\$2,000	Tuer costs
	Computer/GPS/GIS tools	\$2,500	Computer/GPS/GIS tools	\$1,500	
	Vehicle Gas	\$10,400	Vehicle Gas	\$10,400	
Troval	Subtotal	\$29,400	Subtotal	\$23,900	
Travel	Day diam	¢0.500	Don die m	#0.000	Decrease in five
	Per diem	\$2,500	Per diem Travel	\$2,300	Decrease in fuel
	Travel	\$3,200		\$3,200	costs
	Hotel/air fare	\$4,000	Hotel/air fare	\$3,000	
Print & Pu	Subtotal	\$9,700	Subtotal	\$8,500	
Print & Pu		\$ 500	Mana ref meteriale	\$ E00	Doorooo in
	Maps, ref material:	\$500 \$5,000	Maps, ref materials	\$500	Decrease in
	Copies/printing	\$5,000 \$5,500	Copies/printing	\$1,500 \$2,000	outreach and
114:11:41.00 0	Subtotal Communication	\$5,500	Subtotal	\$2,000	outsourced
Utilities &		¢2.000	Call Dhanas	#0.000	printing
	Cell Phones	\$2,000	Cell Phones	\$2,000	Fi
	Office phone	\$800	Office phone	\$800	 Fixed expense
	Electric Bill	\$4,800	Electric Bill	\$4,800	
	Postage/freight	\$500	Postage/freight	\$500	
Dontol	Subtotal	\$8,100	Subtotal	\$8,100	
Rental	Office/Dage ward large	¢40,000	Office /Dags ward lands	#40,000	Fixed expense
	Office/Base yard lease	\$16,000	Office/Base yard lease	\$16,000	• Tixou expense
	Misc. equip	#4 000	Mina and a	#4.000	
	rental	\$1,000 \$47,000	Misc. equip rental	\$1,000 \$17,000	
Donoiro	Subtotal	\$17,000	Subtotal	\$17,000	
Repairs	Micc ropair				Fixed expense
	Misc. repair work	\$3,000	Misc. repair work	\$3,000	1 Mad anpoiled
	work Subtotal	: '	Subtotal		
General	Subtotal	φ3,000	Subtotal	\$3,000	
General	Training/Tuition/Conferences	\$3,000	Training/Tuition/Conferences	\$3,000	Already
	Subtotal		Subtotal	\$3,000 \$3,000	decreased from
Administr		φ3,000	Subtotal	φ3,000	previous year
Aummstr	ative costs of grants	¢24 204	RCUH Indirect	\$25.646	p. 5540 , 541
	RCUH Indirect PCSU admin	\$31,291 \$36,076	PCSU admin	\$25,646 \$21,372	
	Subtotal	\$26,076 \$57,366	Subtotal	\$21,372 \$47,018	
	Subtotal	φ31,300	Subtotal	ψ41,U18	
	Totals	\$578,878	Totals	\$474,451	
	FS Funding		FS Funding	(\$88,452)	
	Total HISC need		Total HISC need	\$385,999	
	Total Filod Need	Ψ+30,420	Total HISC fleed	φυυυ,333	I

To effectively **implement the HISC goals of response and control**, KISC's budget <u>Scenario #1</u> reflects continued progress in developing **Early Detection Tools**: following up on the roadside survey, developing a community based education and reporting program, developing web tools for information sharing and gathering. Budget shortfalls to the ISCs from the Legislature for **coqui control** and from DOFAW pass-through are also reflected in these budgets. To continue "holding-the-line" on established targets, including **Miconia control**, it is imperative that KISC be staffed adequately. <u>Scenario #2</u> reflects a **decreased staff** as a means to decrease expenses. With less staffing, there will be a decrease in most categories of expenses for support. This would also reflect a decrease in acres covered during survey and treatment.

Scenario #2 reflects only a 0.4% increase over FY008 funding from HISC and coqui-dedicated funding, barely keeping in line with the US Inflation Rate Forecast.

BIISC – HISC Request Fiscal 2009

High HISC Request

\$576,000 529,415

BIISC Salaries & Fringe for 12 positions (Manager, Field Supervisor, 5 Crew, 1 Equip/

DeconAide, 1 Admin, 2 ED, 1 GIS/Data Tech)

Expected accomplishments: Complete current buffer zone survey and control efforts for existing Miconia and Bocconia populations at core sites; complete survey and control project for Morella cerifera in Hilo populations; expand early detection surveys on roadsides and nurseries; continue efforts on other species such as Trithonia and Pampass grass; continue aerial control efforts in gultches for Miconia.

Low HISC Request

\$408,000

LOW

BIISC Salaries & Fringe

\$456,000*

Expected consequences: Key vacancy to be left unfilled, loss of one FTE and possible reduction of another FTE to 50%. Current buffer and control sites for key target species to be reduced in size, jeopardizing containment of species for the last 10 years; reduction or elimination of 3 project sites; ability to respond to new species may be limited reducing effectiveness of early detection.

(* Total includes key vacancy unfilled, and reduction of 1 FTE)

	Link Donusot	Low
Γ	High Request	Request
Salaries/Fringe	\$529,415	5.00 456,000
Contract (Helicopter)	16,	,000 12,000
Vehicles		0 0
Equipment		0 0
Travel	\$ 4,000	.00 4,000
Training	4,	,000 4,000
Supplies	25,	,000 25,000
Repairs	3	3000 3000
Rental		0 0
Utilities	2,	,000 2,000
Contractual (Service Fees)	3	3200 32000
PCSU Personnel Support		
PCSU OH		
UH Indirects	\$71,	,162 65,665
Total	\$653,777	7.00 603,665
Request	\$576 ,	,000 \$408,000
Raised by other sources	\$66,	,651 \$66,651
Shortfall (Need to raise)	\$11,	,126 \$129,014

For 2009, the AIS Team will be focused on four important areas of AIS work:

Restoration - The Team is focusing on work that help not just removing invasive species, but looking at enhancing factors that will help restore these areas.

- Kaneohe Bay Supersucker on specific patch reefs, mechanical removal in conjunction with a
 multi-faceted approach that also employs enhancing native herbivory (including lay gill net bans)
 as well as working with UH researchers studying the role that increased nutrients play in invasive
 algae blooms.
- 2) Kawaiele Waterbird Habitat Restoration Project a partnership with Hawaii DOFAW and USFWS that involves invasive fish removal for critical waterbird habitat restoration on Kauai. This will help enhance nesting sites for the endangered Hawaiian Stilt, Hawaiian Duck, and many migratory birds.
- 3) Maunalua Bay Invasive Algae Management The AIS Team is also partnering with the University of Hawaii researchers in researching how the removal of invasive algae enhances native seagrass growth in Maunalua Bay as part of an overall Maunalua Bay Algae Management Plan.

Early Detection -

- 1) monitoring on the Kona side of Hawaii Island looking for new species of invasive algae, which occur on the Hilo side, but are not yet known on the Kona side
- 2) working with University of Hawaii researchers to study the movement of the invasive alga Avrainvillea amadelpha.
- 3) Working with Bishop Museum survey sites outside of harbors...There are several large obstacles in establishing an effective early detection program, but the team is working with a number of specialists to resolve these issues and establish a useful program.

New technology - because marine AIS control is such a relatively new concept, it is vital to continue to look for new and more effective control methods. The Team has done critical work in the past three years and they will continue to develop new methods to help control marine species, including

- 1) a "hot water gun" for possible use on fouling organisms,
- 2) refining the wrapping, smothering technique that has been developed
- working with a federally funded researcher studying mechanical, chemical and other AIS Control methods

Community Involvement & Education -

- 1) Large project on Molokai with the Team spearheading an invasive algae removal involving many local groups as well as general public educational programs on invasive algae issues.
- 2) Developing signs at harbors and boat launches across the state reminding boaters to clean anchors, lines and trailers so they don't transport potential AIS from one area to another
- 3) Continuing the "Habitattitude don't release your aquarium pets and plants" campaign with pet shop owners and the general public to address a major source of freshwater AIS.

AIS 2009 Budget	Low	HIGH	
Salaries Supervisor 2 Lead Techs urchin culturist 4 techs intern Supersucker Crew Lead Tech (high only) 3 techs (high only)			
Salaries	\$260,613.64	\$368,335.64	
Fringe	\$72,971.82	\$103,133.98	
Annual Salaries & Finge 2009	\$333,585.46	\$471,469.62	
Supplies	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	
Travel	\$26,000.00	\$26,000.00	
Equipment	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	
Other	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	
Sub Total	\$409,585.46	\$547,469.62	
Contractual Overhead (3.1%)	\$12,697.15	\$16,971.56	
TOTAL	\$422,282.61	\$564,441.18	