United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form.* If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions.

Historic name: <u>Yee King Tong Cemetery</u> Other names/site number: <u>Pauoa Chine</u>	Y .	
Other names/site number: Pauoa Chine		
Name of related multiple property listing	5 :	
NA (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a r	10.1	
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a r	multiple property listing	
Location		
Street & number: 352 Auwaiolimu Street		
City or town: Honolulu State:	: Hawaii County: Honolulu	
Not For Publication: Vicinity:		
State/Federal Agency Certification		
documentation standards for registering prop meets the procedural and professional require	request for determination of eligibility meets the perties in the National Register of Historic Places and rements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60 does not meet the National Register Criteria. I significant at the followingX_local ia:	
Signature of certifying official/Title:	Date	
Signature of certifying official/Title: State or Federal agency/bureau or Tri	Date	
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tri	Date	
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tri	Date ibal Government	

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form NPS Form 10-900 OMB Control No. 1024-0018 Yee King Tong Cemetery Honolulu, Hawaii Name of Property County and State **National Park Service Certification** I hereby certify that this property is: ___ entered in the National Register ___ determined eligible for the National Register ___ determined not eligible for the National Register ___ removed from the National Register ___ other (explain:) Signature of the Keeper Date of Action Classification **Ownership of Property** (Check as many boxes as apply.) Private: Public – Local Public - State Public – Federal **Category of Property** (Check only one box.) Building(s) District

Site

Structure

Object

Yee King Tong Cen	netery	Honolulu, Hawaii County and State
	CD 44 D	
	of Resources within Property clude previously listed resources	in the count)
Contributing	Noncontributing	in the count)
Contributing 1	Noncontributing	buildings
		oundings
1		sites
		structures
		objects
2		Total
		Total
Function or Use Historic Function (Enter categories	ns from instructions.)	
Funera	ry/Cemetery	-
_		
Current Function		
, -	from instructions.)	
<u>runera</u>	ry/Cemetery	-

Yee King Tong Cemetery	Honolulu, Hawaii	
Name of Property	County and State	
Description		
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions.) Neo-Classical Revival		
Materials: (enter categories from instructions.) Principal exterior materials of the property: Concrete		

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance and condition of the property. Describe contributing and noncontributing resources if applicable. Begin with **a summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, type, style, method of construction, setting, size, and significant features. Indicate whether the property has historic integrity.)

Summary Paragraph

The Yee King Tong Cemetery is situated in a quiet residential neighborhood at the back of Punchbowl. It sits on two lots, encompassing 2.21 acre and .22 acres. The larger, L-shaped lot sits to the north of and below Auwaiolimu Street, while the smaller, rectangular lot sits across the street to the south and above the road. Both lots are characterized by open lawns with headstones. A reinforced concrete bone house sits at the east side of the larger lot. Also on that lot are two single family residences, but these are not included in the nomination. The cemetery is in good condition and retains its historic integrity of design, materials, workmanship, setting, location, feeling and association.

Narrative Description

A macadam paved driveway runs down from Auwaiolimu Street from the southwest corner of the cemetery's larger parcel, and at the intersection of the two legs of the L curves to the north and continues to the back of the lot. Lava rock gate posts, each made of a single stone, flank the driveway as it levels off, and a plumeria tree is to the south of the driveway past the gate posts. Adjacent to the driveway, on its north and west sides, is a lava rock stone wall which demarcates the boundary between the Yee King Tong Cemetery and the Tung Sing Tong Cemetery. The wall is not part of this nomination.

Yee King Tong Cemetery

Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii County and State

The lands to the south and east of the driveway are in lawn and contain seventy one marked graves. Because of attrition and loss of head stones, the tombstones appear to be placed in a somewhat random manner. There are a variety of headstones, ranging in material from concrete to marble and granite, and bearing dates from the late nineteenth century into the early 21st century. Many of the stones are rectangular in shape, but some tops are ogee, others oval and still others oval with shoulders. There is one plinth and one cruciform shaped stone. Some are inscribed in English, while others are in Chinese. Many of the graves are demarcated by concrete curbing with the headstones at the foot of the grave. Five of the graves are enclosed with a pipe railing fence.

Auwaiolimu Street towers above the cemetery's lower lot, and its lava rock retaining wall is approximately 19' tall and 18" wide, and forms a backdrop for the southern boundary of this cemetery lot. At the northern end of the cemetery is a broken concrete basin on concrete legs with the name "Yee Kin Tong" inscribed in the side. This basin was originally used for burning incense. A white, rectangular shaped bone house dominates the east side of the cemetery. This single story, reinforced concrete building has a flat roof and sits on a concrete slab foundation. Rendered in a neo-classical style, it is symmetric and features a flat roofed lanai which runs across the façade. The lanai is five bays wide with each bay demarcated by a 14" x 14" chamfered, Doric Column. The concrete columns rise from 8" high, 18" square concrete bases.

Two centered, concrete steps lead up to the lanai. To the north of the steps is a rectangular, concrete box with no top, which once was used to burn incense. Adjacent to the box is a tall wire basket in which firecrackers are exploded. The columns support an architrave, which in turn carries a simple cornice. The three middle bays of the architrave each have red Chinese writing incised in them. The left of center bay has the date, "1935", while the right of center bay appears to be a formal name. The center bay wishes, "Abundant Good Fortune." The cornice has the date "1935" in Arabic numerals incised in its center.

The lanai has a scored concrete floor and a 10' high paneled concrete ceiling. Its rear, east, wall has a centered double doorway which is flanked on either side by a pair of two pane casement windows. The historic two panel doors retain their original handles and hardware. Red Chinese inscriptions are incised to the walls on either side of the doorway and above it. The words above remind people that being kind, or doing good, is the happiest way to live. The writings on either side of the door seem to have some religious meaning. On the interior, the bone house is one, large, 21'- 4" x 48'- 3" rectangular space. It has a scored concrete floor and a 12'- 2" paneled concrete ceiling. Two chamfered, concrete columns mid-way back from the entry and at either side of the center bay provide extra support to the roof. The 12" square columns have no capitals and rise from a 12" high, 15" square base. The room has four rows of steel shelving which carry approximately 223 individuals, who are mostly in clay pots, although there are also four suitcases, 3 boxes and a metal can. On the south side of the room is a pair of two pane casement windows, while on the north side these historic windows have been replaced by a pair of jalousie windows. In the center of the rear, east, wall a wood plaque stands on the top shelf and leans against the wall. Its Chinese inscription prays for happiness for the generations from the ancestors to future descendants.

Yee King Tong Cemetery	Honolulu, Hawaii
Name of Property	County and State

A storm runoff channel runs in front of the bone house. The open channel is covered by a 5" thick concrete slab in front of the bone house. The walls of the approximately 3' deep and 6' wide channel are of lava rock and the floor is concrete.

The second section of the Yee King Tong cemetery is on the south side of Auwaiolimu Street and adjoins the Ket On Society's cemetery. An approximately 11' high, 18" wide, lava rock retaining wall rises from a grassed right of way which separates the cemetery property from the road. At the east end of the cemetery's land there is a break in the wall with eighteen concrete steps ascending to the graveyard. The steps have a pipe hand rail on either side and gate posts rise from the top of the wall. This sloping property is in lawn with approximately 64 headstone set in seven rows. Almost all the graves are demarcated by concrete curbs, with the headstones at the foot of the grave. In front of the many headstones is a concrete base with round and/or rectangular openings for the placement of incense, flowers, and other offerings. The headstones are of marble or granite and written in either English or Chinese. Ogee or oval tops predominate, although some flat and oval with shoulders are also present. Several small, square, concrete markers are flush with the earth.

The Yee King Tong cemetery very much retains its historic integrity. Other than the replacement of one of the bone house's side wall's pair of windows with jalousies, the remainder of the bone hose retains its original design and materials. Also, the cemetery continues as an active cemetery and retains its historic appearance. As such the Yee King Tong cemetery retains its integrity of design, materials, craftsmanship, location, setting, feelings and associations.

Yee King Tong Cemetery Name of Property	Honolulu, Hawaii County and State
1. Statement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the listing.)	a criteria qualifying the property for National Register
A. Property is associated with broad patterns of our histor	events that have made a significant contribution to the y.
B. Property is associated with	the lives of persons significant in our past.
construction or represents t	nctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of he work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, nd distinguishable entity whose components lack
D. Property has yielded, or is l history.	ikely to yield, information important in prehistory or
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	
A. Owned by a religious instit	ution or used for religious purposes
B. Removed from its original	location
C. A birthplace or grave	
X D. A cemetery	
E. A reconstructed building, o	bject, or structure
F. A commemorative property	
G. Less than 50 years old or ac	chieving significance within the past 50 years
Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions.) architecture	

ee King Tong Cemetery me of Property	Honolulu, Hawaii
	County and State
ethnic heritage/asian/Chinese	
-	
Davied of Cicuificance	
Period of Significance	
1889-1973	
Significant Dates	
1889, 1935	
Significant Person	
(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)	
NA	
Cultural Affiliation	
NA	
Architect/Builder	
unknown	
unknown	

Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance, applicable criteria, justification for the period of significance, and any applicable criteria considerations.)

The Yee King Tong cemetery is significant on the local level under criterion C, as a good example of a Chinese cemetery developed in Honolulu during the late nineteenth century and remaining active into the present century. The cemetery is typical of its period in its design, materials, workmanship and methods of construction, and includes a number of distinctive features, including its bone house.

Yee King Tong Cemetery	Honolulu, Hawaii
Name of Property	County and State

The cemetery is also significant under Criterion A for its associations with the Chinese in Hawaii.

The 1889-1973 period of significance was chosen as 1889 is the date the Yee King Tong was established and the cemetery continues in operation to the present.

Narrative Statement of Significance (Provide at least one paragraph for each area of significance.)

Criterion C: Architecture

The Yee King Tong Cemetery is significant as a good example of a Chinese cemetery active in Hawaii from the late nineteenth through the twenty first century. Its tombstones represent typical tombstone designs of their period, and the presence of many headstones written in Chinese reflects the ethnic origins of the cemetery, as also does the presence of a bone house. The bone house is the most architecturally distinctive in the Islands.

Yee King Tong was charted within the Kingdom of Hawaii as a "body corporate" in 1889 with its initial membership being C. Mon Ting, Goo York, Goo Fat, Lau Lin, Choo Gee, Loo Qui, Young Yong, Chang Nee Qui, and Tin Chuck, with the Minister of the Interior Lorrin A. Thurston approving their application. In 1899 the organization became an association, and in return for \$1,000 membership fee, each member was entitled to a burial plot. In 1902, when the Territorial Board of Health was weighing the possible danger of cemeteries to public health, the City Sanitary Officer reported the Yee King Tong Cemetery on the slope of Punchbowl was one of five cemeteries within a mile of downtown Honolulu, with the others being Kawaiahao Cemetery, the Catholic Cemetery on King Street, the Pauoa Church Cemetery, and the Hook Chu Co. Cemetery in Pauoa. Eleven other cemeteries were listed within the City limits including: the Makiki Cemetery, Nuuanu Cemetery, Kalaepohaku Cemetery, Manoa Church Cemetery, Manoa Chinese Cemetery, the Diamond Head Cemetery, Waikiki Church Cemetery, Kalihi Church Cemetery, Kalihi-Waena Catholic Cemetery, Pueo Cemetery and Kaumakapili Cemetery. With regards to the Yee King Tong Cemetery, the report noted it was, "Just above the Portuguese settlement. It has been in use for twenty years, and there are few graves owing to the Chinese custom of sending the bones of deceased relatives to China." ["May Close Cemeteries in the City," Pacific Commercial Advertiser, October 2, 1902, page 1] The cemeteries were not closed, and over the years more people were laid to rest in the Yee King Tong Cemetery.

In 1935 the City's decision to connect Nuuanu and Manoa valleys via a new roadway had a major impact on the cemetery. The road plans called for circumnavigating Punchbowl by connecting Prospect and Nahoa streets, and by extending Auwaiolimu Street to connect Pensacola Street with Lusitana Street. At the time Auwaiolimu ran up from Lusitana and ended close to the cemetery. The new roads were to be constructed using Federal Emergency Relief Act (FERA) assistance, ["Mayor Plans 7 Projects in Makiki Areas," *Star Bulletin*, December 28, 1934, page 3] which eventually fell under the Works Progress Administration (WPA). The road ran through approximately 1,377 square feet of the cemetery necessitating the disinterment of 206 individuals.

Yee King Tong	Cemetery
Name of Property	

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

["To Name Nuuanu Stream Bridge after Richards," *Honolulu Advertiser*, July 30, 1935, page 11 and "Old Chinese Custom Means Much Grief in Road Plans," *Honolulu Advertiser*, July 12, 1935, page 8] Of the graves to be emptied, 142 were unidentified, as an earlier fire at the cemetery had destroyed all the wood grave markers. In exchange for the cemetery land the Territory gave the Yee King Tong 8,940 square feet of land on the south side of the new Auwaiolimu Street, which is not the society's cemetery area above the road. Also as a result of the disinterment of the individuals the bone house was erected.

In 1936, the City and County awarded a contract to J. W. Glover to construct the Auwaiolimu extension of the road. ["Street Extension Award Delayed," *Star Bulletin*, April 3, 1936, page 4 and "Shovel Bites Out Manoa-Nuuanu Cutoff," *Star Bulletin*, June 16, 1936, page 5] This work included the construction of the lava rock retaining walls on both the uphill and downhill sides of the road.

Associations with the Chinese in Hawaii

The Chinese were among the earliest foreign people to arrive in Hawaii, coming as early as 1788 or 1789, and in 1784 Captain Vancouver recorded in his log seeing Chinese among the foreigners with Kamehameha at Kealakekua Bay. [Char, page 37] During the nineteenth century the number of Chinese in Hawaii expanded dramatically and prior to the Islands' annexation by the United States, an estimated 46,000 Chinese had migrated here. Of that number between two thirds and three quarters of the people came to work on sugar or rice plantations, with the first laborers arriving in 1852 as a result of the Masters and Servants Act. [Glick, page 23] As a result of this immigration, by 1878 the Chinese constituted the largest foreign group in Hawaii, and would remain so until 1896, when they were superseded by the Japanese.

The proper treatment for the remains of the dead, was an important aspect of life for the Chinese in Hawaii, with a desire for individuals' remains to ultimately be buried in the village of their birth being a high consideration. Upon death people were buried, but later, when circumstances allowed, were disinterred and sent back to China. Between disinterment and transporting to China, the remains were held in containers in the bone house. This practice was interrupted by World War II and concluded with the communist rise to power in China.

The earliest Chinese cemetery on Oahu was in Manoa, with a group of Chinese merchants forming the Manoa Lin Yee Wui in 1852. Other cemetery associations were formed later, as the increasing Chinese population became differentiated into sub-groups with different districts, dialectical and religious backgrounds. [Glick page 187] The Yee King Tong cemetery was among the Chinese cemeteries formed in the late nineteenth century. Today, there remain seven Chinese cemeteries on Oahu, with only the Manoa Chinese cemetery listed in the Hawaii Register of Historic Places. The other six cemeteries: the Yee King Tong, Ket On, Hook Chu, Tong Sin tong, Pauoa Chinese Christian, and Makiki Chinese Christian, are all located in Pauoa, in close proximity to the Yee King Tong cemetery.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form NPS Form 10-900 OMB Control No. 1024-0018	
Yee King Tong Cemetery Name of Property	Honolulu, Hawaii
Name of Property	County and State
Criteria Consideration D	
The Yee King Tong cemetery derives its primary significance from its descemetery, with such distinctive features as a bone house, location on a hill inscribed headstones, as well as associations with the history of the Chinese	side, and Chinese
2. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in prepa	ring this form.)
City and County Tax Records	
Hawaii State Bureau of Conveyances, Grant 10348, book 65	
"May Close Cemeteries in the City," Pacific Commercial Advertiser,	October 2, 1902, page 1
"Mayor Plans 7 Projects in Makiki Areas," Star Bulletin, December 2	8, 1934, page 3
"Old Chinese Custom Means Much Grief in Road Plans," Honolulu A	ldvertiser, July 12,
1935, page 8	
"To Name Nuuanu Stream Bridge after Richards," Honolulu Advertise	er, July 30, 1935, page 11
"Street Extension Award Delayed," Star Bulletin, April 3, 1936, page	4
"Shovel Bites Out Manoa-Nuuanu Cutoff," Star Bulletin, June 16, 193	36, page 5
Char, Tin-Yuke, The Sandalwood Mountains, Honolulu: University o	f Hawaii Press, 1975
Glick, Clarence, Sojourners and Settlers, Honolulu: University of Hav	waii Press and Hawaii
Chinese History Center, 1980	
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey #	

Primary location of additional data:

Yee King Tong Cemetery	Honolulu, Hawaii
Name of Property	County and State
State Historic Preservation Office	
Other State agency	
Federal agency	
Local government	
University	
Other	
Name of repository:	
Historic Resources Survey Number (if a	assigned):

Yee King Tong Cemetery Name of Property			Honolulu, Hawaii County and State
3. Geographical Dat	a		
Acreage of Property	2		
Use either the UTM sy	stem or latitude/longitu	ade coordinates	
	GS84: <u>BING Maps</u> e5608608c34251b8135		/maps/trail/Oahu,-
(enter coordinates to 6 1. Latitude: 21.31410	1 ,	gitude: 157.814714	
2. Latitude:	Lon	gitude:	
3. Latitude:	Lon	gitude:	
4. Latitude:	Lon	gitude:	
Or			
UTM References Datum (indicated on U	JSGS map):		
NAD 1927 or	NAD 1983		
1. Zone:	Easting:	Northing:	
2. Zone:	Easting:	Northing:	
3. Zone:	Easting:	Northing:	
4. Zone:	Easting:	Northing:	

United States Department of the Interior	
National Park Service / National Register	of Historic Places Registration Form
NPS Form 10-900	OMB Control No. 1024-0018

NPS Form 10-900 OMB Control No. 1024-0	0018					
Yee King Tong Cemetery	Honolulu, Hawaii					
Name of Property	County and State					
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundary	ries of the property.)					
The property being nominated includes all the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-013: 016, and a pordescribed by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-014: 009 as indicated the property described by Tax Map Key (1) 2-2-01	rtion of the organization's property					
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries	Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.)					
These are the parcels of land associated with this cemet	tery since its construction.					
A. Form Prepared By name/title:Don Hibbard_ organization:self street & number:45-287 Kokokahi Place city or town:Kaneohestate e-mail telephone:(808)-542-6230 date:July 15, 2023						
Additional Documentation						
Submit the following items with the completed form:						
• Maps: A USGS map or equivalent (7.5 or 15 millocation.	nute series) indicating the property's					

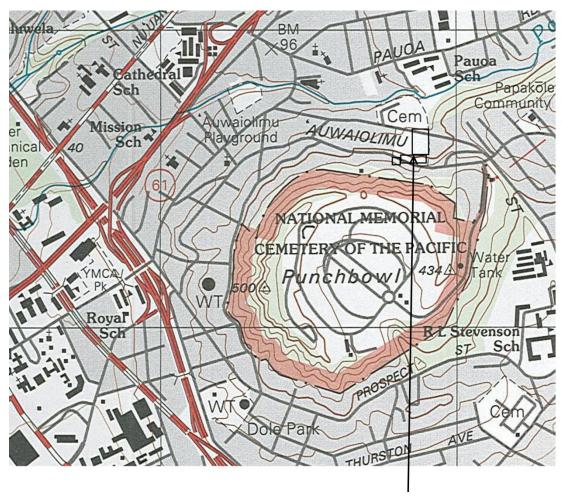
- **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.
- Additional items: original floor plan

• Owner: Steven K. Young
1019 Maunaihi Place Apt 301
Honolulu, Hawaii 96822

Yee King Tong	Cemetery
Name of Property	

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

USGS Map

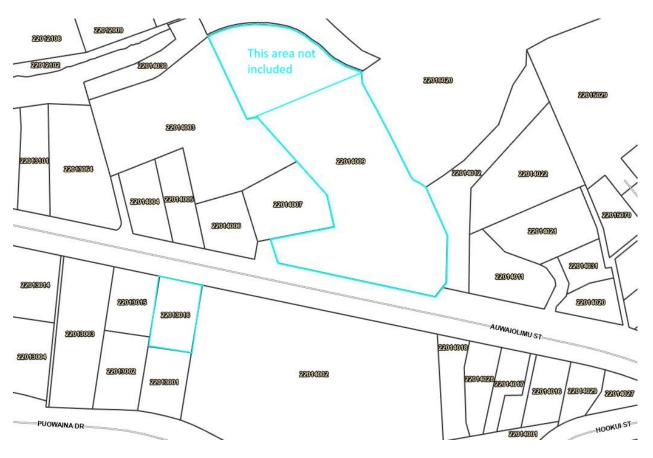


Yee King Tong Cemetery

Yee King Tong Cemetery	
Name of Property	

Honolulu, Hawaii County and State

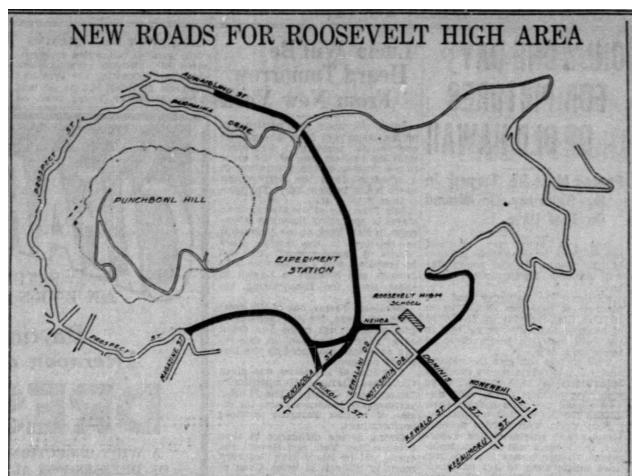
Tax Map



Yee King Tong Cemetery
Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Map of Proposed Roads Star Bulletin, December 28, 1934



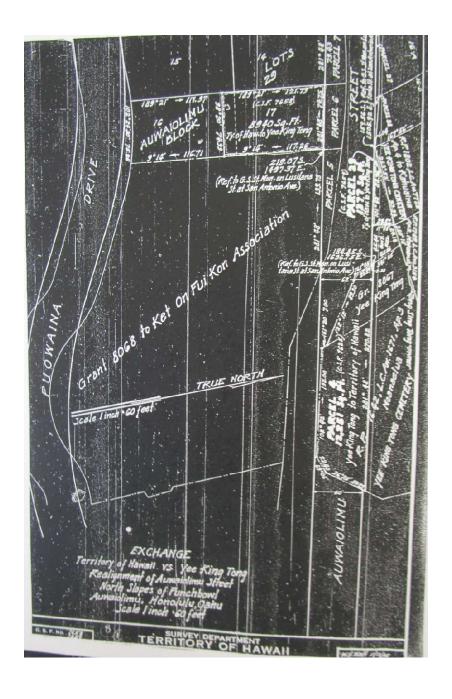
Breaking up the Piikol-Mott-Smith drive bottleneek approach to Roosevelt high school is the new road system proposed by Mayor Fred Wright in his list of public improvements during the next two years. Approach to the school, under this plan, will be possible from Manoa, via the new Dominis St. road; from Tantalus over the extension of Mott-Smith drive; from back of Punchbowl over the new road link connecting Auwaiolimu St. with Pensacola and Nehoa Sts.; and along the Prospect extension to Nehoa St. The new highways will hook up the Prospect-Tantalus and Pensacola Sts. system. Work on the project to be performed with FERA labor, will get underway as soon as certain rights of way are granted by the federal government. Black lines show the proposed roads.

`	Yee	King	Tong	Cemetery	

Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Grant 10348 Map Depicting Exchanged Lands



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the cemetery from the northeast



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the lower cemetery from the southwest



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the upper cemetery lot from the north



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the entry from the west



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

Drone view of the bone house from the west



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the bone house from the west:



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the interior of the bone house from the south



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the cemetery from the southwest



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the cemetery headstones from the north



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of headstone from the north



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the upper cemetery from the north



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Yee King Tong Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: June 1, 2023

View of the steps to upper cemetery from the north



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Charles E. Meyer Residence

City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: March 8, 2023

View of the upper cemetery from the northeast



Name of Property

Honolulu, Hawaii
County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Charles E. Meyer Residence

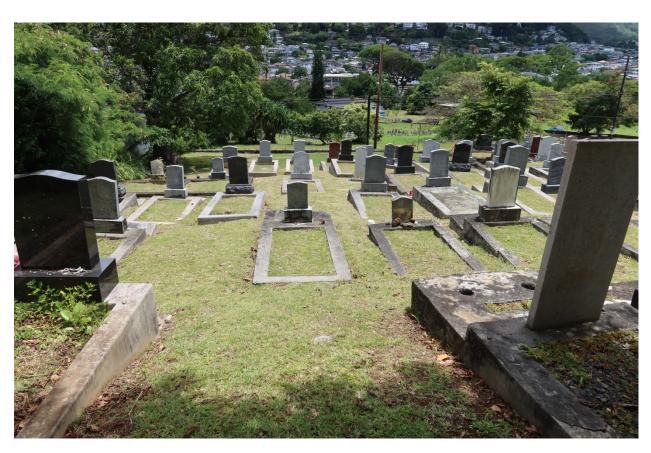
City or Vicinity: Honolulu

County: Honolulu State: Hawaii

Photographer: Kikuyo Akao

Date Photographed: March 8, 2023

View of the upper cemetery from the south



ialional Park Service / Ivalional Regist	er of historic Places Registration Form	
IPS Form 10-900	OMB Control No. 1024-0018	
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Yee King Tong CemeteryHonolulu, HawaiiName of PropertyCounty and State

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for nominations to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.). We may not conduct or sponsor and you are not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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Tier 1 - 60-100 hours Tier 2 - 120 hours Tier 3 - 230 hours Tier 4 - 280 hours

United States Department of the Interior

The above estimates include time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and preparing and transmitting nominations. Send comments regarding these estimates or any other aspect of the requirement(s) to the Service Information Collection Clearance Officer, National Park Service, 1201 Oakridge Drive Fort Collins, CO 80525.